

Adjustments

An adjustment is specified by a **mode**, a **direction** and a **delta**. For each reference point and corresponding shift vector, the adjustment is computed and applied. The resulting shift vector is again cached in the warping library. This way of implementation allows incremental adjustments.

Mode defines the way of the distortion. Following modes are available:

- Parallelogram
- Trapezoid
- Pin balance
- Pincushion
- Shift
- Size
- Rotation (around bitmap image center point)

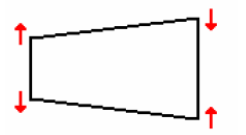
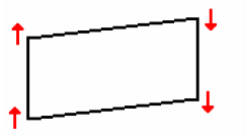
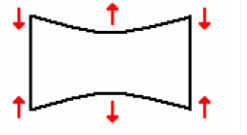
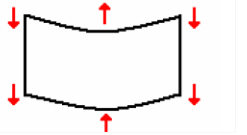
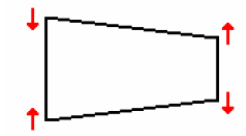
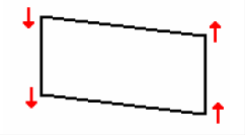
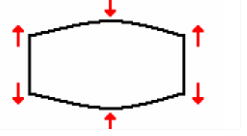
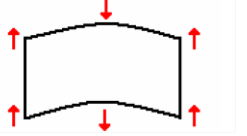
Direction specifies the direction in which the distortion is applied. Following directions are available:

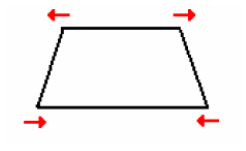
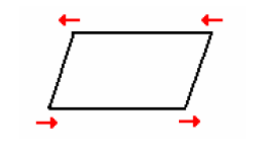
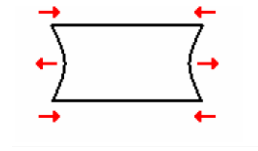
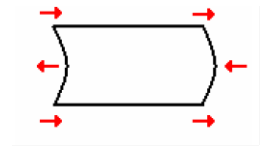
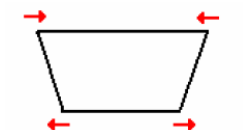
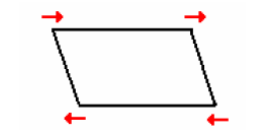
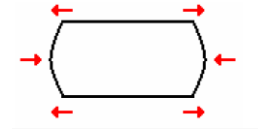
- Up
- Down
- Left
- Right

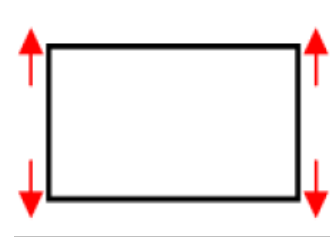
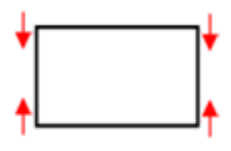
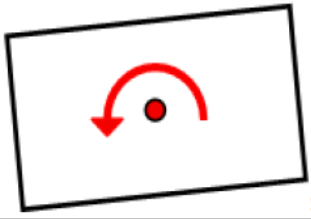
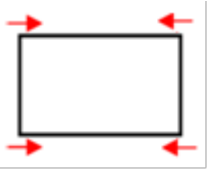
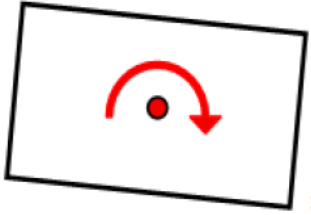
Delta specifies the amount of distortion that is applied. Delta is an unsigned integer value in range 0..255 (1 byte). The delta is added to the existing offset of the corresponding reference points.

Predefined Adjustments

Based on mode and direction, the following transformations are possible:

Mode Direction	Trapezoid	Parallelogram	Pincushion	Pin balance
Up				
Down				

Left				
Right				

Mode Direction	Size	Rotation	Shift
Up			
Down			
Left			
Right			

Formulas for adjustments

The following formulas describe the mathematically necessary adjustments of the reference points. If the requested adjustment exceeds the limit, no calculation shall be done and the previous status will be kept.

Trapezoid mode

mode = trapezoid transformation; direction = up

condition: $TrapezoidY - \delta \geq -TrapezoidLimitY$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] - \delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1}\right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1}\right)$$

mode = trapezoid transformation; direction = down

condition: $TrapezoidY + \delta \leq TrapezoidLimitY$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] + \delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1}\right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1}\right)$$

mode = trapezoid transformation; direction = left

condition: $TrapezoidX - \delta \geq -TrapezoidLimitX$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] - \delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1}\right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1}\right)$$

mode = trapezoid transformation; direction = right

condition: $Trapezoidx + \delta \leq TrapezoidLimitX$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] + \delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1}\right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1}\right)$$

Parallelogram mode

mode = parallelogram transformation; direction = up

condition: $ParallelogramY - \delta \geq -ParallelogramLimitY$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] - \delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1}\right)$$

mode = parallelogram transformation; direction = down

condition: $ParallelogramY + \delta \leq ParallelogramLimitY$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] + \delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1}\right)$$

mode = parallelogram transformation; direction = left

condition: $ParallelogramX - \delta \geq -ParallelogramLimitX$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] - \delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1}\right)$$

mode = parallelogram transformation; direction = right

condition: $ParallelogramX + \delta \leq ParallelogramLimitX$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] + \delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1}\right)$$

Pinbalance mode

mode = pin balance transformation; direction = up
condition: $PinbalanceY - delta \geq -PinbalanceLimitY$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] - delta \cdot \left(\frac{-4i^2}{(NumOfRefPointsX - 1)^2} + \frac{4i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1} - 0.5 \right)$$

mode = pin balance transformation; direction = down
condition: $PinbalanceY + delta \leq PinbalanceLimitY$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] + delta \cdot \left(\frac{-4i^2}{(NumOfRefPointsX - 1)^2} + \frac{4i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1} - 0.5 \right)$$

mode = pin balance transformation; direction = left
condition: $PinbalanceX - delta \geq -PinbalanceLimitX$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] - delta \cdot \left(\frac{-4j^2}{(NumOfRefPointsY - 1)^2} + \frac{4j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1} - 0.5 \right)$$

mode = pin balance transformation; direction = right
condition: $PinbalanceX + delta \leq PinbalanceLimitX$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] + delta \cdot \left(\frac{-4j^2}{(NumOfRefPointsY - 1)^2} + \frac{4j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1} - 0.5 \right)$$

Pincushion mode

mode = pincushion transformation; direction = up
condition: $PincushionY - delta \geq -PincushionLimitY$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] - delta \cdot \left(\frac{-4i^2}{(NumOfRefPointsX - 1)^2} + \frac{4i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1} - 0.5 \right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1} \right)$$

mode = pincushion transformation; direction = down
condition: $PincushionY + delta \leq PincushionLimitY$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] + delta \cdot \left(\frac{-4i^2}{(NumOfRefPointsX - 1)^2} + \frac{4i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1} - 0.5 \right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1} \right)$$

mode = pincushion transformation; direction = left
condition: $PincushionX - delta \geq -PincushionLimitX$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] - delta \cdot \left(\frac{-4j^2}{(NumOfRefPointsY - 1)^2} + \frac{4j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1} - 0.5 \right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1} \right)$$

mode = pincushion transformation; direction = right
condition: $PincushionX + delta \leq PincushionLimitX$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] + delta \cdot \left(\frac{-4j^2}{(NumOfRefPointsY - 1)^2} + \frac{4j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1} - 0.5 \right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1} \right)$$

Size mode

mode = size, direction = up

condition: $Height + delta \leq HeightLimit$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] + delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1}\right)$$

mode = size, direction = down

condition: $Height - delta \geq -HeightLimit$

$$y[i][j] = y[i][j] - delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2j}{NumOfRefPointsY - 1}\right)$$

mode = size, direction = left

condition: $Width + delta \leq WidthLimit$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] + delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1}\right)$$

mode = size, direction = right

condition: $Width - delta \leq -WidthLimit$

$$x[i][j] = x[i][j] - delta \cdot \left(1 - \frac{2i}{NumOfRefPointsX - 1}\right)$$

Rotation mode

mode = rotation, direction = left

condition: all warped reference points are inside the Illuminated TFT Area

$$x[i][j] = \cos(-delta) \cdot (x[i][j] - x_center) + \sin(-delta) \cdot (y[i][j] - y_center) + x_center$$

$$y[i][j] = -\sin(-delta) \cdot (x[i][j] - x_center) + \cos(-delta) \cdot (y[i][j] - y_center) + y_center$$

mode = rotation, direction = right

condition: all warped reference points are inside the Illuminated TFT Area

$$x[i][j] = \cos(delta) \cdot (x[i][j] - x_center) + \sin(delta) \cdot (y[i][j] - y_center) + x_center$$

$$y[i][j] = -\sin(delta) \cdot (x[i][j] - x_center) + \cos(delta) \cdot (y[i][j] - y_center) + y_center$$

Shift mode

mode = shift, direction = up

condition: all warped reference points are inside the Illuminated TFT Area

$y[i][j] = y[i][j] - \delta$

mode = shift, direction = down

condition: all warped reference points are inside the Illuminated TFT Area

$y[i][j] = y[i][j] + \delta$

mode = shift, direction = left

condition: all warped reference points are inside the Illuminated TFT Area

$x[i][j] = x[i][j] + \delta$

mode = shift, direction = right

condition: all warped reference points are inside the Illuminated TFT Area

$x[i][j] = x[i][j] - \delta$

NumOfRefPointsX - number of reference points in horizontal direction

NumOfRefPointsY - number of reference points in vertical direction

$x[i][j]$ - x-coordinate of reference point, a 2-dimensional array of floating point variables

$y[i][j]$ - y-coordinate of reference point, a 2-dimensional array of floating point variables

Revision #2

Created 2023-02-21 04:32:28 UTC by Kanai Tomoaki

Updated 2023-02-21 05:00:58 UTC by Kanai Tomoaki